



TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 12, 1900.

GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT is a party man. He was once a civil service reformer, but he has gotten over that youthful vagary, and has become a stalwart, even going so far as to offer a sanctuary to his murderous pal, the insurgent ex-claimant of the governorship of Kentucky. He is rich, too, and could not lose, but probably gain, by obeying his party's call. Therefore, even though he would rather fill his present office another term, it is by no means likely that if the national republican convention next week should nominate him for Vice President, he would refuse to accept it and march at the head of the trust forces, and lead them as he is alleged by his touters to have led the rough riders in a skirmish during the Spanish war.

It now appears that the republican mayor of St. Louis is chiefly responsible for the late anarchy and reign of terror in that city. He is a candidate for re-election and didn't want to lose the votes of the riotous strikers by antagonizing them. He hoped the governor of his State would have relieved him of the responsibility and preserved the order his policemen could have enforced, but the governor was as much afraid of the votes of the "dear people" as he was, and so the orderly, well-behaved, law-abiding and tax-paying citizens of that city had to suffer. Long live free institutions, unrestricted suffrage, and liberty and equality!

PROSPERITY is all pervading, according to the paid agents of the trusts and the advocates of war taxes; but even if the statements of the interested so-called trade reviews be accepted, business failures are more numerous now than they have been for years past, and a dispatch from that good republican State of Vermont, of yesterday's date, reports the failure of a savings bank there, because those to whom it had made loans could not raise the money to pay what they had borrowed. These are prosperous times for those who have large investments in trust stocks, but, sad to relate, to few others.

"GENERAL" Keifer, who gained a few laurels in the war between the States, as he did, when Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives, in his war with General Boynton in the reporters' gallery of that house, now says he has "always been in favor of annexing Cuba." But in this he doesn't agree with the head of his party, for Mr. McKinley, up to a short time ago, said the acquisition of an inch of foreign territory would be "criminal aggression." But such a difference amounts to nothing between men like Mr. Keifer and Mr. McKinley.

THE Rev. Mr. Riddick has been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years, for murdering a man who had never done him any harm and who supposed he was doing him a favor. Nobody denies that he committed murder. If sane, he should be hanged; if crazy, he should be confined for life in an insane asylum. Why he should have been sentenced to a short term in the penitentiary, none but a member of the jury that tried him can tell. But the jury system, according to some unthinking people, is the perfection of law and justice!

IN THE earlier and better days of the country "measures, not men," was the cry of the voters. That was a good cry then and was not unreasonable. But times have changed, since then, and candidates and voters, with them. The latter now know that political measures are only playthings, used for today, and thrown away tomorrow, as has been demonstrated by the present administration, but that some men can still be relied upon, and they would rather trust Mr. Bryan than Mr. McKinley, who has been tried and found wanting.

CONGRESS has appropriated over one hundred and thirty-two million dollars for military operations in the Philippine Islands next year. And yet there are people who still say General Otis deserves an ovation, that will cost the government as much as was provided by the defeated bill for the Arlington Bridge, for conquering the Philippines and bringing the Philippine war to a close. But every expense "goes" under republican rule, no matter how absurd it may be.

A BIG WHEAT CROP.—The farmers of Oklahoma are in the midst of a tremendous wheat harvest. During the past week the self-binders have been running almost day and night, and Sunday hundreds of machines were running, reaping the golden grain. While the preachers, women and small children were attending the churches the men and boys were rushing the binders, cutting the heavy wheat while the sun shined. Wheat men say that no such crop was ever before raised in the West as is being harvested in Oklahoma, southern Kansas and the Indian Territory and southern Texas.

A marriage license was issued in Washington yesterday to John Munro and Carrie McKnight, of Fairfax county.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, June 12.—H. F. Devens, of New York, assistant secretary of the Metal Trades Association and member of the arbitration board, testified before the industrial commission today. Having used the expression, "a fighting fund," Commissioner Kennedy asked what he meant by that, and desired to know if it was raised by assessment. Mr. Devens explained: "We call it a reserve fund, but perhaps I should more properly call it a defense fund. It is between labor and capital." N. F. Thompson, of Huntsville, Ala., secretary of the Southern Industrial Association, was also before the commission, and explained labor conditions in his section of the country.

Speaking of the committee's work, Mr. Richardson, chairman of the democratic congressional campaign committee, at the rooms of that committee in the Metropolitan Hotel, here, said: "All the literature to be circulated this year by the democrats will be sent out from Washington. The issues this year are many, and the issues good material we hardly know which to use and which to ignore. In 1896 the issue was silver. The people would not listen to arguments on the tariff, although the republicans early in the contest tried to make it the predominating feature. In this fight we propose to put the republicans on the defensive. We shall attack them on trusts, imperialism, gold standard legislation, scandals in Cuba, mismanagement in the Philippines, unjust taxation upon the Porto Ricans, etc." Mr. Richardson says the republicans in Congress were so afraid of the damage to be done by their cause in labor circles that they would not consent to have the testimony in the Couer d'Alene mining country published, but that difficulty has been overcome by Mr. Leutz, of Ohio, who incorporated in a speech published in the Record after the adjournment of Congress all the points desired by the committee. He had leave to print, and now the matter can be franked. Had this not been accomplished the committee would have held postage. The committee will circulate this matter by the thousands in all the districts where labor organizations exist.

The cabinet devoted all of its time today to a discussion of the Chinese situation. Two dispatches received yesterday at the State Department from consular officers at Chungking, China: "Large number of natives organized here, and they are beginning to talk of annexing Cuba." No protection. Want a user." Chungking is 150 miles up the Yangtze River, and is 450 miles from Tien Tsin, the recently disturbed district. Consul Martin's dispatch is taken here to mean that the Boxer troubles have broken out in a new place and as an indication that they may become general throughout China. The Yorktown and Casine at Shanghai are the nearest vessels available and one of these will probably be sent to Chungking.

The Dilliver boom for Vice-President is undoubtedly growing. Nearly all the republican Senators and Representatives now in the city admit this fact. Many were not for the Iowa a week ago are beginning to think that he would make a good running mate for Mr. McKinley. A well known republican says "Mr. Dilliver is going to receive a great many votes in the States included in the Louisiana purchase." Said this republican, "Dilliver was very active in his efforts to secure the \$5,000,000 appropriation for the World's Fair to be held at St. Louis in 1903." Speaker Henderson opposed this proposition from start to finish. Dilliver was for the Iowa before the Iowa brought forward his name in connection with the vice-presidency. He was the chief speaker at the big dinner given by the St. Louis people during the winter of 1899 to get congressmen warmed up on the subject. Speaker Henderson was opposed to the fair. He said to be for Dilliver for vice-president. Some people charge there has been a deal under which Dilliver will receive the support of the Missouri delegation at Philadelphia.

The following changes in the fourth-class postoffice of Virginia were announced today: Dalton, Pulaski county, Rufus J. Podiat appointed postmaster, vice J. O. Harper, resigned; Wightman, Rockingham county, C. P. Johnson, vice R. H. Johnson, resigned. The industrial commission has recommended its sessions here. It has determined to investigate the subject of household and domestic labor, and endeavor to prevent people from abandoned housekeeping and resorting to hotel and boarding house life, in consequence of the great difficulty they have in procuring capable, efficient and honest cooks and house servants. If its investigation shall improve the condition, the commission will be blessed.

Senator Dye this morning was at the Old Building, near the Capitol, where the industrial commission, of which he is a member, meets.

The friends of the Arlington Bridge bill have not relaxed their efforts in its behalf. They now propose to place a petition at Arlington, for the bridge, and request all the visitors there, to sign it, and also that the pension publications shall advocate its construction.

No secretary of the association of national democratic clubs has as yet been appointed, and as the headquarters of that association will be moved to New York, it is supposed that a man from that city will be selected for the place. Congressmen Wise of Virginia has returned this morning with the temperature of the water at the Rip Rap and other points in Chesapeake Bay taken, for the purpose of determining whether or not lobsters, if planted there, would thrive.

The Nicaragua canal commission and its numerous clerks are delighted at the failure of the canal bill at the last session of Congress, because the members of the commission are drawing large, and their clerks, lucrative, salaries, and will continue to do so until Congress shall take further action, which, Senator Morgan says, will not be later than three o'clock p. m. on the 10th day of next December.

Justice Cole, today, postponed the execution of Frank W. Funk set for Friday of this week until Friday the 29th inst.

People here today, who attended the recent

Confederate reunion at Louisville say they were surprised to see ex-Congressman Walker, of Virginia, among the visitors there. It is said here that the stout trust is doing all it can to increase the Long boom for the republicans. Vice-presidential nomination, so as to get the Secretary out of the Navy Department, and have somebody there who will give them more for their armor plate than he will.

The Japanese Government officially informed the Secretary of the Treasury today that the emigration of the Mikado's subjects to the United States will stop.

There is current talk here to the effect that notwithstanding the large sum of money expended by Mr. Clark in his Senatorial contest, Mr. Daley, his constant, was equally as prodigal, and that some of those who took prominent parts against the former had, before they did so, intimated that they would favor him—for a consideration.

NEWS OF THE DAY

Prisoners in the San Juan, Porto Rico, penitentiary revolted yesterday on account of the alleged bad quality of their food.

A battle with Colombian rebels has occurred near Panama, resulting, it is reported, in the defeat of the government forces.

Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, said in Chicago, yesterday, that the 16 to 1 issue will not be abandoned.

Archbishop Ireland has written a letter to Cardinal Rampolla denying that he denounced the doctrine of the temporal power of the Pope.

Governor Stephens, of Missouri, in a formal statement, has accused Mayor Zeigebach, of St. Louis, with encouraging the street car strikers for political effect.

Senator Allison had a long conference with the President last night and point blank told him that under no circumstances would he accept the vice-presidential nomination.

The Boers are apparently trying to separate all the British forces north and south of a line stretching some 50 miles between Koodewal and Heilbron. Gen. Lord Methuen has been hotly engaged with the Boers ten miles south of Heilbron. Two hundred and fifty Boers surrendered to Gen. Hunter at Venterdorp.

The resignation of Dr. Charles H. Latimer, of St. Elizabeth's Government Hospital for the Insane, near Washington, has been tendered to Superintendent Richardson, on whose recommendation, supported by the members of the board of visitors of that institution, Dr. Latimer has been appointed as an expert to care for the insane soldiers in the army at Manila and in the Philippines.

THE CHINESE TROUBLES.

The trouble in China continues. The international forces from Tien Tsin were yesterday forty miles from Pekin, fighting their way. Two more trains started from Tien Tsin, carrying 213 Russians and 62 French marines. A dispatch from Shanghai, not confirmed, says four thousand Russian troops are marching toward Pekin. British officials do not credit a dispatch from St. Petersburg that, as an understanding between Russia and the other powers, six thousand Russian troops are held in readiness at Port Arthur to leave for Tien Tsin.

The Emperor of China, through his confidential advisers, has proposed that the foreign powers shall remove him from the palace in which he is confined as a prisoner, declare the Dowager Empress a usurper and establish a protectorate to govern the country through the Emperor.

Another report states that Emperor Kwang Hui, is reported to be anxious to oust the Dowager Empress and resume his power.

A cablegram states that there has been street fighting in Pekin since early Sunday afternoon. The Russians are making large purchases of canned provisions at Shanghai, and everything points to an outbreak of hostilities. All British missionaries will probably be ordered to return quickly to treaty ports.

The United States, according to dispatches from Copenhagen, have given a "hearty adhesion" to the scheme for a Russian demonstration. The Russian Minister in Pekin, who also acts as the envoy of Denmark, is credited with having sent a dispatch to the Danish Foreign Office to the effect that a demonstration has been planned, under the leadership of England and Russia, in which all the great powers and several of the smaller ones will take part.

The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempf, at Taku, China:

"In case all communication to Pekin is cut, not able to go alone; if other nations go will join to relieve Americans pending instructions. Situation serious. Battalion of marines from Manila has been urgently requested. Answer." Upon receipt of this Secretary Long sent the following cablegram to Admiral Kempf, at Manila:

"Send by the Solace immediately with all dispatch to Kempf 100 marines, arranging, if practicable that after landing the Solace shall continue her homeward voyage as previously ordered."

The following undated dispatch has been received from Admiral Kempf: "Forces landed by different nations. Opening communications to Pekin. Americans joined."

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.—Richard Dye, a union veteran, was found dead in the Potomac river near the bridge at Hancock, Md., on Sunday. He left Cumberland Tuesday, going down the railroad track. He gave no intimation to Scott Kelo, with whom he resided, that he was going away, but his object, it is thought, was to enter the Soldiers' Home at Washington. He was last seen on Saturday wandering along the railroad track, but his body was found nearly a quarter of a mile away from the railroad in the river with a deep cut across the forehead. Foul play is suspected.

Dye was an experienced horseman and had been in the Kelo family for 30 years. John Kelo, father of Scott Kelo, provided for him in his will. Dye fought four years in the Union army in Company C, Second District of Columbia Volunteers, and later served in the regular army. He was a native of this city and was 61 years old. He was unmarried, and as far as known, had no relatives. Congressman Pearce had been endeavoring to procure him a pension.

An attempt was made to assassinate Fremont Alford, judge of the criminal court and Edwin Fugh county prosecutor at Indianapolis Ind, this morning by George W. Bennett, an aged Lafayette man, who escaped from the Central Indiana Hospital last Saturday. A patrol man grasped the revolver as the hammer fell, and saved Alford's life. Bennett was arrested.

VIRGINIA NEWS

The house of Mr. R. C. Triplett, at Orange Court House, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

Rev. A. R. Walker, of Westmoreland county, has declined the call tendered him by the Episcopal Church at Lancaster Court House.

Major L. W. Long died Sunday night at his home in Nottoway county, aged about 65 years. He was a brother of Gen. James Lee Long.

Mr. James B. Nowlin, a well known Lynchburg business man, died suddenly yesterday morning, at his office, of paralysis of the heart, aged sixty-seven years.

While Mr. Milton Ridenour, of Powell's Fort, Shenandoah county, was driving home a night or two ago a thunderstorm arose. A lightning bolt struck the team, killing one of the horses and stunning a young man riding with Mr. Ridenour. The latter escaped unhurt.

While attempting to drive some hogs off the farm of Mr. Frank B. Whaling, at Boyce, on Saturday, Walter Garrett and Joseph Tritt were attacked by a vicious hog. Garrett stumbled and fell, and the hog leaped upon him and horribly mutilated the lower part of his body with its tusks. He was rescued by Tritt, but not before he was probably fatally injured.

The Princess Anne Hotel and some forty cottage lots surrounding it at Virginia Beach have been sold by the present owners, the Vanderbilts, to a syndicate composed of Philadelphia, Norfolk and Atlantic City capitalists, counsel for whom declined positively to give out any information whatever regarding names or the purchase price. It is understood, however, that the price paid the Vanderbilts was \$135,000, while the new company will undertake to be capitalized at \$500,000.

THE RIDDICK TRIAL.

At Lawrenceville yesterday the jury in the case of Rev. J. E. R. Riddick, whose counsel pleaded insanity as cause for the murder of Dr. W. P. Temple, after having the case under consideration since Saturday noon returned the following verdict "We, the jury, find the prisoner guilty of manslaughter and ascertain his punishment at three years in the State penitentiary."

When at ten o'clock the morning the jury had not agreed, Mr. Davis, for the defense, suggested a compromise verdict of manslaughter. "I do not want to force any man's conscience," he said, "but this is not a matter of fact but of opinion, I suggest a compromise."

Commonwealth's Attorney Buford did not think the jury should be kept together any longer than was necessary to ascertain that, upon full discussion and comparison of their views, they were unable to agree. He contended that if the prisoner was not insane, he was guilty of murder in the first degree. The jury retired to their room again, and a few moments returned with the verdict.

Mr. Davis moved that the court set the verdict aside as being contrary to the law and evidence. He said the motion was merely a formal one and he did not think he would insist on it, but wished to consult the other attorneys, and asked that the court be adjourned till the 19th, which was done.

Riddick told his counsel that he left the question of an appeal entirely in their hands. There will hardly be an appeal. Riddick will be sent to the penitentiary in a few days. If he proves to be insane he will be sent to an asylum. The verdict is a most unsatisfactory one to the people. They would have been satisfied at eighteen years in the penitentiary and nothing less.

AN EXTRA SESSION.—A dispatch from Richmond says: Governor Tyler has fixed on a schedule concerning the constitutional convention matter, in which it is thought all will acquiesce, one of which will obviate the necessity of mixing State and national politics in the fall election and yet not create injurious delay to the convention movement. He proposes to call the legislature in extra session on November 10, hold the election for delegates to the convention, and then call the convention to meet immediately after the election of the people to vote on the election of the convention.

The plan would prevent any break or hitch in the terms of any of the officials of the State, the legislature of 1901-2 electing all the county and circuit judges and other officers for their full terms. Thus it will be seen the entire question will have been disposed of before the next regular session of the legislature, in December, 1901, when that body will be ready to proceed under the new constitution and shape the laws accordingly. It is believed, that those who advocate the plan of the legislature in July will accept it and that there will no longer be any division in the party on the subject.

THE STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS.—The Board of Canvassers in Richmond met yesterday afternoon in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and summed up the official returns from the recent election.

Returns were received from ninety-nine out of the one hundred counties. So far as the board has reason to believe there was no election none in Dickenson county, where it is said the people were ignorant of the special election. The total vote stood:

For the convention.....77,362
Against the convention.....60,375

Majority for convention.....16,987
The official returns were certified to by the board and adjournment was had.

COURT OF APPEALS.

In the Court of Appeals yesterday Sheritz vs. Moyers was argued. Max Meadows Company vs. McGrook was argued. Laure Creek Coal Company vs. Browning was continued. Keister vs. Keister, continued. Repass vs. Moore partly argued.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution. Write for full particulars. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: LAURENCE & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Chinese Situation.

London, June 12.—Nothing has been received so far confirming of yesterday's rumors that the Chinese empress had taken refuge in the Russian legation at Pekin, and that 4,000 Russians were marching on the capital. The latest contribution to the situation is the alleged appeal of the deposed emperor to the authenticity of the appeal is questioned. It is thought that the appeal is the work of Chinese reformers at Shanghai. The gravest news today of a reliable sort is the reorganization of the Chinese foreign office, by which Prince Tuan is made chief of that department. Tuan is known to be in sympathy with the "boxers," and it is alleged, is a high official in that order. His appointment can only be regarded as an open defile of the powers by the Dowager Empress. The report that there was fighting in Pekin Sunday is not confirmed, and a dispatch from the Chinese capital dated yesterday does not mention it.

Paris, June 12.—Six hundred marines have arrived at Saigon to reinforce the French force now in China.

Pekin, June 12.—It is reported that the Empress Dowager has ordered the viceroys at Nankin and Wei Chang Fu to resist the passage of the Yanket-Kiang by the British warships.

The Situation in South Africa.

London, June 12.—General Buller continues his advance in Natal and has almost turned the Boers' position at Laing's nek. The following from Buller, dated June 11, is issued by the war office: "We forced Almond's neck today, which is the last defile to Charlestown flats. The position was carried by the bayonet. The enemy attacked our right heavily. Our casualties were about one hundred." Charlestown is a station on the railroad just beyond Laing's nek. Apart from General Buller's operations the situation in the field has suddenly darkened. Following rapidly the news of the reverse at Almond's neck, startling reports of Boer aggressiveness in the former Free State and the Transvaal.

The Boers are reported to have occupied Bloemfontein; thirteen thousand burghers, under Dewet, are said to be marching on Johannesburg and the British are reported to have been severely defeated at Elandsfontein, just outside of Johannesburg. The report that Bloemfontein has been re-occupied comes from Lourenzo Marquez. As to today's startling rumors concerning Bloemfontein and Elandsfontein, they are liberally admitted being regarded as the inevitable accompaniment of the revival of Boer activity. Meanwhile the restoration of Roberts's communications southward, seems further off than ever which makes Buller's success a thing of more importance in that it will open a fresh and shorter line of communication with Pretoria via Laing's nek and Durban.

Maseru, Basutoland, June 11.—Fifteen hundred Boers have surrendered to General Brabant in the Ficksburg district of the Orange River Colony. A deserter from the Boer ranks states that there are 7,000 Boers in the Bethlehem district. He also asserts that General Buller was killed and General De Villiers was mortally wounded in an engagement at Rooikranz.

London, June 12.—This evening the war office gave out a second dispatch from General Kelly-Kenny, dated Bloemfontein today, as follows: "Our troops from the north are now at Honing spruit station, having defeated the enemy. They will be at America siding tomorrow. Knox is moving from Kroonstad to intercept the enemy. Patriots later."

London, June 12.—The War Office posts the following, received today from Gen. Forester-Walker at Cape Town: "Kelly-Kenny (at Bloemfontein) reports no communication from Methuen since June 7th. He was fighting June 6th north of Vechtkop. Steyn is near Keiz, in the east of the Orange Colony. The British prisoners have been sent to Vrede and are being well treated."

Vrede is the present seat of the Free State government in the northeastern part of the Orange Colony. Assuming that Kelly-Kenny's latest report was filed not earlier than yesterday, its receipt explodes the report that the Boers had retaken Bloemfontein.

The news concerning Methuen is not satisfactory. It is no clearer than the dispatches concerning him yesterday were. Reading between the lines Methuen has his hands full. Kelly-Kenny said yesterday that he was fighting on June 8th the greater part of his division being engaged. He had ample provisions for himself and Colville. Colville with the Highlanders was reported at Heilbron toward which place Methuen is fighting. Colville is probably surrounded.

The ragged dispatches from Kelly-Kenny indicate a deplorable condition of the communications north of Bloemfontein.

Archbishop Ireland's Denial.

Rome, June 12.—The Osservatore Romano publishes a letter from Archbishop Ireland to Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, written May 25, in which Ireland denies having views contrary to the Pope's regarding the temporal dominion of the papacy. The letter, of denial was prompted by the publication of an alleged letter from Archbishop Ireland to the Duke of Norfolk, president of the Catholic Union of Great Britain, in which Ireland is said to have denounced the temporal power of the Pope and to have advocated an Anglo-Saxon catholic propaganda.

The St. Louis Street Car Struck.

St. Louis, June 12.—Mayor Ziegenhein has issued a proclamation prohibiting the use of explosives and firearms within the city limits as well as the gathering of crowds on the streets. Especial warning is given to minors to be off the streets at 9 o'clock p. m. under penalty of arrest. Two men are under arrest charged with having been the ringleaders of the mob which disrupted Annie Harting on the street for riding on a Transit car. Both were positively identified. Miss Harting at the time of the assault gave her name as Christine Thiere to spare her family's feelings.

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Allen's Foot-Powder. It cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, itchy feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. 25c per box. In stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

At his residence, on upper King street, June 12 at 11:30 a. m., JONATHAN PIERPOINT, in his 61st year. Funeral Thursday, June 14, at 2 p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. (Washington Star and London Telephone please copy.)

TO CURE CONSTIPATION FOREVER. Take Cassel's Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. C. C. C. Co., New York, N. Y.

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Mysterious Shooting.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 12.—A rather mysterious shooting affair occurred in the dining room of the Bienville Hotel, this morning, and, as a result, one man now lies at the Fitch hospital with several cuts about his face and head and two bullet wounds in his left groin. The men, presumably guests at the hotel, sat down to breakfast shortly before 8 o'clock and a moment later became engaged in a quarrel. They drew revolvers and in the exchange of bullets one man was wounded twice.

At the Fitch hospital the injured man made a statement to Patrolman Hunt. He said he was Robert George, a commission merchant, 35 years old, from Troy, N. Y. He said his assailant was Geo. Jones, of Albany, N. Y., also a commission merchant. He claims the man was a friend of his and that the shooting was not intentional. Jones "escaped unhurt."

Another story is to the effect that the men are well known Buffalo men and had an enemy against each other for years and that they both pulled guns on sight.

In Honor of Gen. Otis.

Rochester, N. Y., June 12.—"Camp Otis" at Seneca Park was occupied this morning by 1,200 regulars sent here by Secretary of War Root, to take part in the celebration and parade in honor of General Otis on Friday next. The marine band of Washington will arrive tomorrow. The troops present are: 15th regiment U. S. Infantry, eight companies—three from Plattburgh, one from Fort Ontario, two from Madison Barracks, and two from Fort Columbus; 7th light artillery, one battalion; two light heavy artillery from Fort Hamilton; one battalion heavy artillery from Fort Hancock, and one battalion from Fort Wadsworth.

Foreign News.

Ascot, Eng., June 12.—In the second day's racing of the Ascot meeting today the Coventry stakes of 1,000 sovereigns were won by L. Reiff, on Good Morning. Sloan was third on Parsad. The Ascot stakes of 2,000 sovereigns were won by Sloan on Baidur.

St. Petersburg, June 12.—Since Saturday a terrific storm has been raging in the Caspian Sea. Many fishing boats have been lost in the Gulf of Krasensk Dowsk, and it is feared there has been great loss of life.

Discharged from Custody.

New York June 12.—Mrs. Grace E. Ramsey, who over a year ago cut her husband's throat while he was asleep, "just because he snored and she wanted to see his blood," was bought back from the Matamoros Asylum today. She is thoroughly cured. Mrs. Ramsey will be discharged from custody. Temporary insanity is the only known reason for Mrs. Ramsey's act.

Belle Boyd Dead.

Kilbourne, Wis., June 12.—Belle Boyd, the famous spy of Confederate fame, died suddenly of heart disease here last night. She had come here to lecture. She was 67 years of age, and was known the country over.

The Markets.

Chicago, June 12.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—May—July 72 3/4. Georgetown, June 12.—Wheat 70 1/2.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

In Chicago today July wheat advanced from 72 1/2 to 74 1/2, and August from 73 1/2 to 75.

Charles Hinzman, six years old, has been missing from his home in Harlem since Sunday afternoon. His parents believe the boy was kidnapped.

United States Senator George Peabody Wetmore was re-elected for six years today in the separate houses of the Rhode Island Assembly by an almost unanimous vote.

The large plant of the Hygienic Ice Company, on Coney Island, New York, was burned to the ground early this morning. The loss on building, ice and machinery, is estimated at \$100,000.

Little Gertrude Bass, the four year old child of John Brass, fell from the fire escape of the family home, on the fourth floor, rear, 245 Ave. A., New York, this morning, and was killed. The mother tried to kill herself afterwards by jumping from the window.

The school teachers in Paterson, N. J., laid siege to the board of alderman last night and demanded that they vote \$25,000 for a raise in their salaries. The aldermen were kept in their rooms until they finally gave up at 2 o'clock this morning and passed the measure for the increase.

NATURAL BRIDGE TO BE SOLD.

Soon there will be a chance for some one to get possession by purchase at auction of the Natural Bridge of Virginia, says the Chicago Chronicle. It is to be sold at auction by Henry W. Rogers, a real estate broker of Baltimore, and the sale will be without reserve to the highest bidder, if the advertisements are to be believed. The rock bridge of Rockbridge county, is regarded as one of the greatest of natural wonders. It has rank with Niagara, the Garden of the Gods, the Arizona canon at the Colorado, and the Mammoth Cave. It is a single block of limestone 215 feet high and 100 feet wide. It spans a great chasm so deep that the sun never enters its gloomy depths. Under the great natural arch of this bridge not made with hands flows a roaring mountain stream which finds its source on the western slope of the Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia. It is a perfect bridge. It has fine proportions in the height of its piers; its arch is perfect. There are parapets and battlements set amid these rugged cliffs. Thousands of tourists flock there yearly to see it.

High above the bed of the stream are two initials cut deeply into the face of the rock—"G. W." George Washington cut those initials long before he was known to fame.

George III., of England gave the bridge to Thomas Jefferson before war times, together with 2,000 of the broad acres surrounding it. It fell to his heirs and after the Civil War a Colonel Parsons, a northerner, got hold of the natural wonder and fenced it in. After that the bridge could be seen for revenue only. His heirs in turn ran the business and made \$10,000 a